

Methods.

Full electronic search strategy

The PubMed search syntax listed below served as the basis for all search strategies. This search strategy was then adapted to the other electronic databases searched.

((*iron* [MeSH terms] OR *ferrous* [MeSH terms]) OR (*ferrous sulphate* [All fields] OR *ferrous sulfate* [All fields] OR *iron sulphate* [All fields] OR *iron sulfate* [All fields] OR *oral iron* [All fields] OR *iron supplementation* [All fields] OR *iron supplement* [All fields] OR *intravenous iron* [All fields])) AND ((*trial* [MeSH terms] OR *study* [MeSH terms]) OR (*randomised controlled trial* [All fields] OR *randomized controlled trial* [All fields] OR *controlled trial* [All fields] OR *controlled study* [All fields] OR *human study* [All fields] OR *intervention study* [All fields] OR *randomised study* [All fields] OR *randomized study* [All fields] OR *randomised trial* [All fields] OR *randomized trial* [All fields])).

Table A. Assessment of ‘risk of bias’ according to the Cochrane Collaboration’s tool (1).**Placebo-controlled trials:**

First Author, Year	n total	n FeSO ₄	n placebo	comments on missing data	random sequence generation	allocation concealment	blinding of participants, personnel and outcome assessors	incomplete outcome data	selective outcome reporting	other sources of bias	Bias from the way side-effects were recorded		
Baykan, 2006	168	82	86	numbers as randomised	high risk	high risk	high risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	telephone interview	
Cook, 1990	133	67	66	numbers as randomised	low risk	low risk	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	low risk	symptoms questionnaire	
Davis, 2000	28	14	14	numbers as randomised	low risk	unclear	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	telephone interview	
Fouad, 2013	40	20	20	no missing data	low risk	low risk	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	low risk	symptoms questionnaire	
Ganzoni, 1974	90	90	90	numbers as randomised	unclear	unclear	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	face to face interview	
Gordeuk, 1987	47	24	23	numbers where adverse effects were assessed	unclear	unclear	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	low risk	questionnaire	
Hallberg 1966, 1	344	175	169	numbers where adverse effects were assessed	unclear	unclear	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	low risk	questionnaire	
Hallberg 1966, 2	226	111	115	numbers where adverse effects were assessed	unclear	unclear	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	low risk	questionnaire	
Hallberg 1966, 3	347	170	177	numbers where adverse effects were assessed	unclear	unclear	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	low risk	questionnaire	
Levy, 1978	107	107	107	numbers where adverse effects were assessed	low risk	unclear	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	low risk	questionnaire	
Maghsudlu, 2008	367	185	182	numbers where adverse effects were assessed	unclear	unclear	unclear	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	face to face interview	
Mirrezaie, 2008	95	49	46	numbers as randomised	low risk	unclear	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	telephone interview	
Makrides, 2003	393	200	193	numbers where adverse effects were assessed	low risk	low risk	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	low risk	structured telephone questionnaire	
Meier, 2003	74	38	36	numbers as randomised	unclear	unclear	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	low risk	telephone interview	
Pereira, 2014	20	10	10	no missing data	low risk	unclear	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	low risk	symptoms questionnaire	
Sutton, 2004	72	35	37	numbers as randomised	low risk	low risk	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	low risk	questionnaire	
Tuomainen, 1999	30	15	15	numbers where adverse effects were assessed	unclear	unclear	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	spontaneous reporting	
Vaucher, 2012	198	102	96	numbers as randomised	low risk	low risk	low risk	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	interview	
Yalcin, 2009	47	24	23	numbers as randomised	high risk	high risk	unclear	low risk	unclear	low risk	unclear	telephone interview	
Waldvogel, 2012	145	74	71	numbers where adverse effects were assessed	low risk	low risk	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	interview	

Table A continued. Assessment of 'risk of bias' according to the Cochrane Collaboration's tool (1)

IV iron-controlled trials:

First Author, Year	n total	n FeSO ₄	n placebo	comments on missing data	random sequence generation	allocation concealment	blinding of participants, personnel and outcome assessors ⁽¹⁾	incomplete outcome data	selective outcome reporting	other sources of bias	Bias from the way side-effects were recorded	
Agarwal, 2006	89	45	44	numbers as randomised	low risk	low risk	high risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	spontaneous reporting
Auerbach, 2004	121	43	78	numbers as randomised	unclear	unclear	high risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	telephone interview
Bhandal, 2006	43	21	22	numbers with data (1 less than randomised)	low risk	low risk	high risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	spontaneous reporting
Breyman, 2008	344	117	227	numbers where adverse effects were assessed	unclear	unclear	high risk	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	spontaneous reporting
Charytan, 2005	96	48	48	numbers where adverse effects were assessed	unclear	unclear	high risk	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	spontaneous reporting
Henry, 2007	124	61	63	numbers where adverse effects were assessed	unclear	low risk	high risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	face to face interview
Mudge, 2012	102	51	51	as randomised	low risk	low risk	high risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	face to face interview
Seid, 2008	289	147	142	numbers where adverse effects were assessed	low risk	low risk	high risk	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	spontaneous reporting
Strickland, 1977	20	20	20	numbers as randomised	low risk	unclear	high risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	low risk	questionnaire
Tokars, 2010	182	91	91	numbers as randomised	unclear	unclear	high risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	unclear
Van Wyck, 2005	182	91	91	numbers where adverse effects were assessed	unclear	unclear	high risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	spontaneous reporting
Van Wyck, 2007	352	178	174	numbers where adverse effects were assessed	low risk	low risk	high risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	spontaneous reporting
Van Wyck, 2009	456	226	230	numbers where adverse effects were assessed	low risk	low risk	high risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	spontaneous reporting
Vazquez Pacheco, 1980	40	20	20	numbers as randomised	unclear	unclear	high risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	unclear
Al Momen, 1996	111	59	52	numbers as randomised	unclear	unclear	high risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	face to face interview
Bayoumeu, 2002	50	25	25	numbers as randomised	low risk	unclear	high risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	face to face interview
Bencaiova, 2009	260	130	130	numbers as randomised	low risk	low risk	high risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	unclear	unclear
Kulnigg, 2008	200	63	137	numbers as randomised	low risk	low risk	high risk	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	face to face interview
Lindgren, 2009	91	46	45	numbers as randomised	low risk	low risk	high risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	unclear	spontaneous reporting
Schroder, 2005	46	24	22	numbers as randomised	low risk	unclear	high risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	unclear	spontaneous reporting
Kochhar, 2013	100	50	50	numbers as randomised	low risk	low risk	high risk	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	face to face interview
Reinisch, 2013	338	109	223	numbers where adverse effects were assessed	low risk	low risk	high risk	low risk	low risk	unclear	low risk	questionnaire
Guerra Merino, 2012	13	7	6	numbers as randomised	low risk	low risk	high risk	low risk	low risk	unclear	unclear	spontaneous reporting

⁽¹⁾ note that these IV iron-controlled studies were not blinded and we have judge them as having high risk of bias specifically for the reporting of adverse effects due to the nature of the interventions (i.e. intravenous versus oral).

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Table B. Mean hemoglobin increase (g/dl) reported in IV iron-controlled RCTs (n=3267).

First author, year	FeSO₄ arm	IV-iron arm
Agarwal, 2006	0.20	0.40
Auerbach, 2004	1.50	2.40
Bhandal, 2006	3.70	4.20
Breymann, 2008	3.13	3.44
Charytan, 2005	0.70	1.00
Henry, 2007	1.60	2.40
Seid, 2008	3.40	4.00
Tokars, 2010	0.8	1.1
Van Wyck, 2005	0.40	0.70
Van Wyck, 2007	3.30	4.10
Van Wyck, 2009	2.30	3.10
Vazquez Pacheco, 1980	0.74	3.94
Al-Momen, 1996	3.48	5.27
Bayoumeu, 2002	0.30	1.51
Kulnigg, 2008	3.00	3.60
Lindgren, 2009	2.22	2.41
Schroder, 2005	2.10	2.50
Kochhar, 2013	3.1	5.1
Reinisch, 2013	2.98	2.59
Guerra Merino, 2012	4.2	3.5

Table C. References identified in the systematic search for which full-text could not be obtained.

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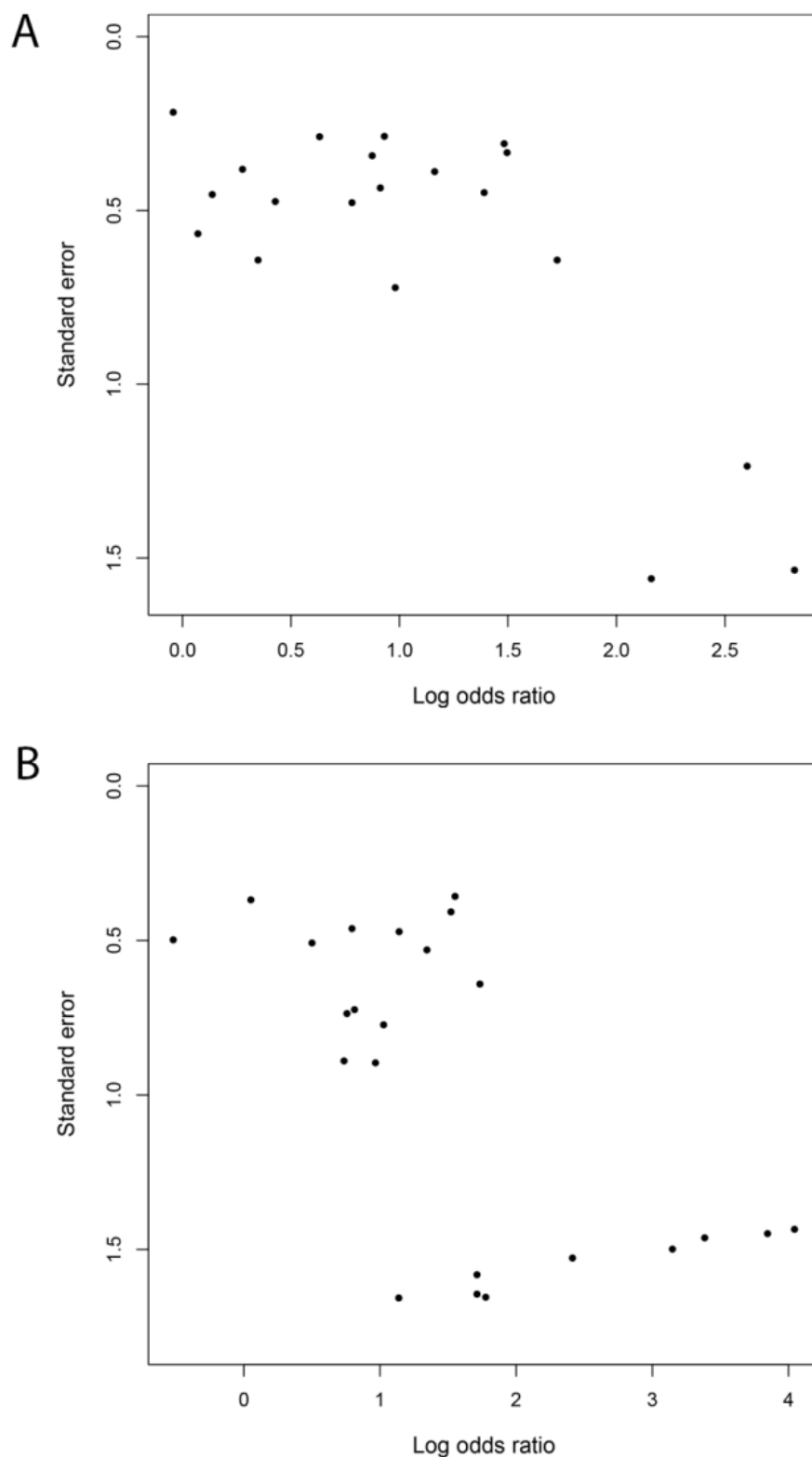


Figure A. Funnel plots of effect of daily ferrous sulfate supplementation on the incidence of gastrointestinal side-effects against standard error. (A) placebo-controlled trials (n=20) and **(B)** IV iron-controlled trials (n=23) were analysed separately. For each trial we plotted the effect as Log (OR) against its standard error.

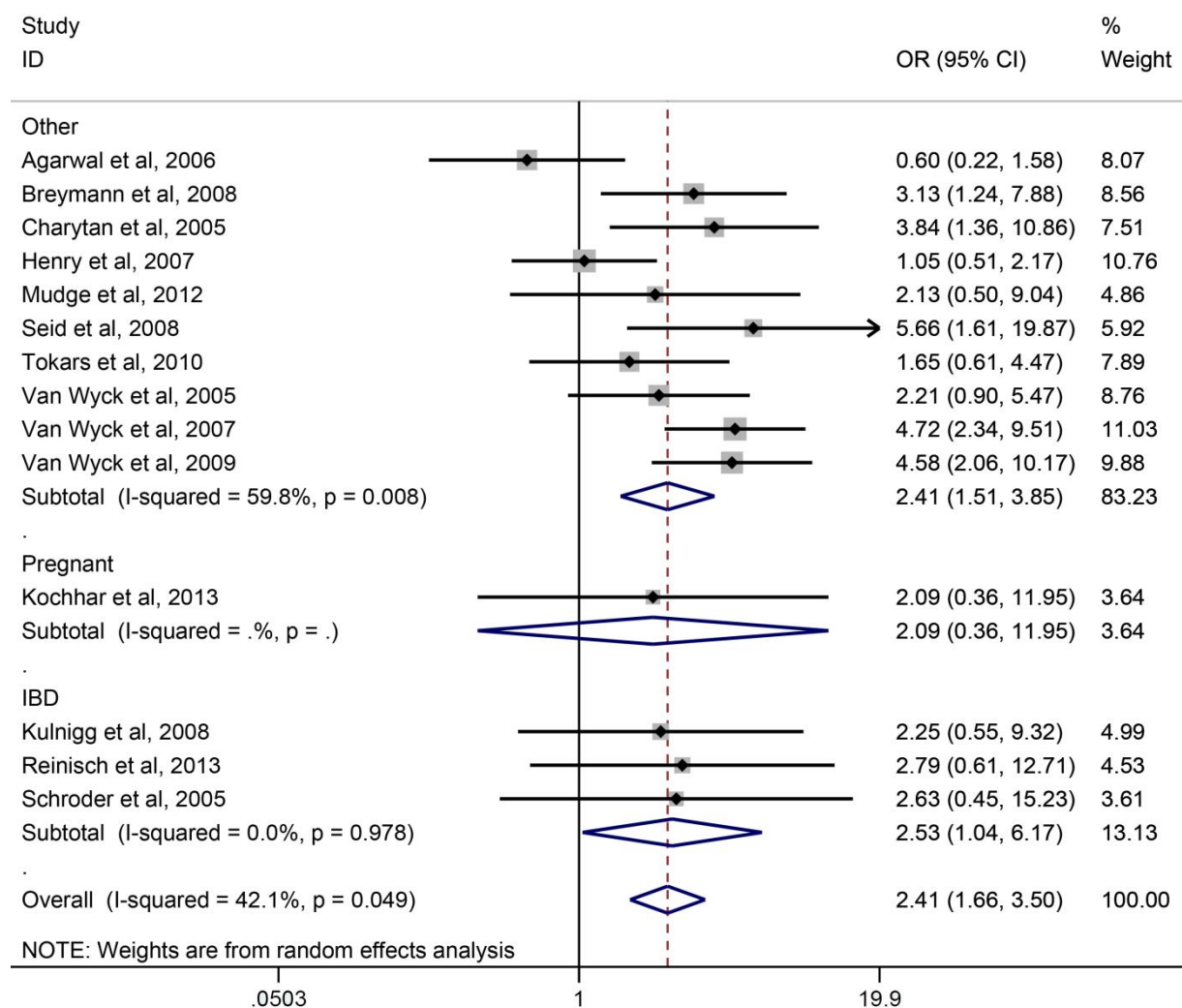


Figure B. Forest plot for the effect of daily ferrous sulfate supplementation on the incidence of gastrointestinal side-effects in IV iron-controlled RCTs. Only trials reporting one or more GI side-effect also for the IV iron comparator arm were included in this analysis, 9 studies were excluded in relation to Figure 3. Data for random-effects meta-analysis are shown. For each study the closed diamond represents the mean estimated effect and the horizontal lines the 95% CI. The grey shaded area surrounding each closed diamond represents the weight of each study in the analysis. Weight was assigned based on (inverse of) the sum of the within-study variance and between study variance. Open diamonds represent the subgroup mean difference and pooled overall mean differences as shown. Test for overall effect: z-score = 3.70 (other), 0.83 (pregnant), 2.04 (IBD), 4.64 (overall); p -value < 0.0001 (other), =0.4 (pregnant), =0.04 (IBD), <0.0001 (overall). IV, intravenous; OR, odds ratio; CI, confidence interval.

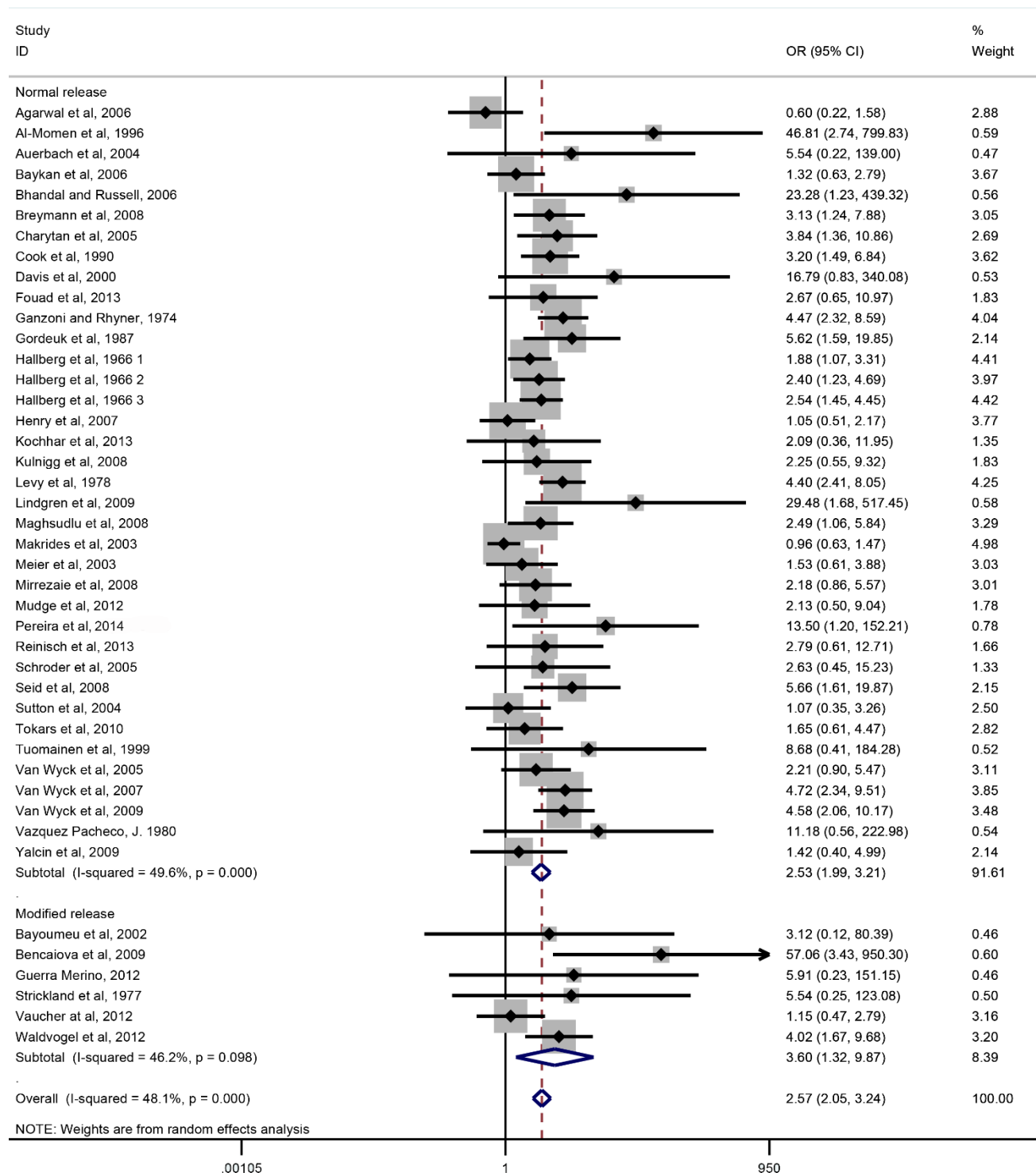


Figure C. Forest plot for the effect of daily ferrous sulfate supplementation on the incidence of gastrointestinal side-effects. Both placebo-controlled and IV iron-controlled trials were included in the analysis (43 RCTs, n=6831). Data for random-effects meta-analysis are shown. For each study the closed diamond represents the mean estimated effect and the horizontal lines the 95% CI. The grey shaded area surrounding each closed diamond represents the weight of each study in the analysis. Weight was assigned based on (inverse of) the sum of the within-study variance and between study variance. Open diamonds represent the subgroup mean difference and pooled overall mean differences as shown. Test for overall effect: z-score = 7.61 (normal-release), 2.49 (modified-release), 8.06 (overall); p -value <0.0001 (normal-release ferrous sulfate), =0.01 (modified-release ferrous sulfate), <0.0001 (overall). IV, intravenous; OR, odds ratio; CI, confidence interval.

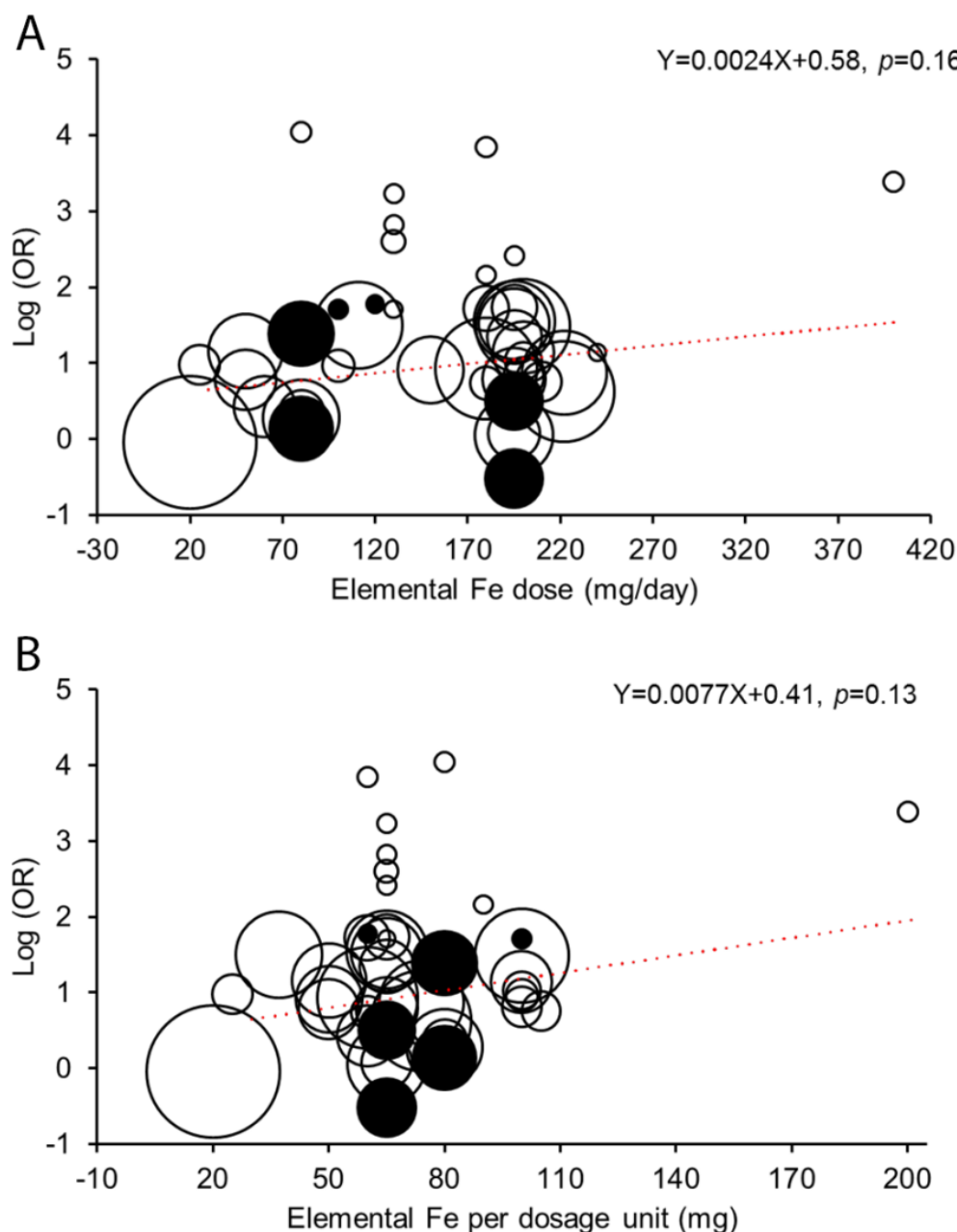


Figure D. Meta-regression analysis of the association between iron dosage and the odds ratio of gastrointestinal side-effects. Data from both placebo-controlled and IV iron-controlled trials were included in the analysis (43 studies, $n=6831$). **A**, meta-regression carried out for total daily elemental iron-equivalent dosage [$slope=0.0024$ (95% CI: -0.0009-0.0057); t -score=1.44, $p=0.156$]. **B**, meta-regression carried out for elemental iron-equivalent amount per dosage unit (typically per tablet or capsule) [$slope=0.0077$ (95% CI: -0.0022-0.0177); t -score=1.57, $p=0.125$].

Individual studies are represented by circles, with the size of the circle being inversely proportional to the variance of the estimated effect (i.e the larger the circle, the more precise the estimated effect). The dotted lines represent the regression line for the analysis. Closed circles, studies with modified release ferrous sulfate; open circles, studies with conventional ferrous sulfate (i.e. not modified-release). All studies used daily posology.